

GOODRICH HEARS STRIKERS' PLEA

May Try Again Today to Appoint Board of Conciliation to Probe Situation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 17.—Whether he will appoint a board of conciliation to investigate the street car conductors and motormen at South Bend, and the causes leading up to it, will be decided by Gov. Goodrich Thursday. Representatives of the strikers conferred with the governor on the subject Wednesday afternoon. Previously the car men had telegraphed the governor asking him to name an arbitration board, but such a move was blocked when the car company declined to approve the plan. This time however, a conciliation board was sought, and the governor can act either on his own initiative or at the request of others, according to law. Those calling on the governor today were: C. F. Barnes, president of the striking carmen's organization; J. W. Barnes, and W. R. Smith.

Diseases of the Rectum Only. Dr. Eisenbeiss, 613 J. M. S. bldg. Adv.

MELVIN KULP OFFERS MANY FACTS IN CASE

"Used to Feel Tired and Exhausted After Day's Work But Not Since He Started Taking New Tanlac."

GRATEFUL TO THE NEW MASTER PREPARATION

Gaining in Strength and Weight Each Day Now—Highly Appreciated Relief That Was Given Him.

ELKHART, Ind., May 17.—"I used to feel completely exhausted and all tired out after the day's work but since taking Tanlac, I've gained in strength so that after work I feel strong and sound," Melvin Kulp, well known farmer who lives on rural route No. 8, Elkhart, said on January 19.

"My stomach was all out of order, constipation bothering me," Mr. Kulp continued. "Nearly all the time my stomach felt sore and pained me. My appetite was very poor. The day's work made me 'fall in.'"

"I read about Tanlac in the newspapers and it was so highly recommended that I tried it. My stomach is in much better condition since taking Tanlac. The soreness of my stomach has disappeared. My appetite is greatly improved. I've gained in strength and never notice that tired feeling any more. I sleep much better at night and feel more rested."

"I've taken one bottle of Tanlac and intend to take more as it is doing the work."

Tanlac, the Master Medicine, is especially beneficial for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, loss of appetite, nervousness, catarrhal complaints, sleeplessness and the like.

Tanlac is being introduced and explained in South Bend at Public Drug Store. Adv.



The Kenwood

Women who are well informed on style matters already know that high shoes are to be worn during the summer for all occasions—and WHITE is to be the predominating feature.

In this display of white boots, women who care for the distinction of dressing in fashion will find the favored new styles in smart WHITE FABRICS and LEATHERS. The Kenwood at \$2.00; others at \$4.50, \$6.50 and \$7.50.

Guarantee Shoe Co.
125 N. Michigan St.
Easy to Find and Worth Finding

Blessings Which the Downfall of the Czar Will Bring to the World

By Ivan Narodny,

ONCE and forever Russia is free. The overwhelming majority of the Russian people are determined for a republican form of government, so never again will the Romanoffs, or any other noble family, hold the Russian throne. If all the horrors and sacrifices that the Russian people have suffered through this war brought about nothing else than the downfall of the Russian autocracy, this alone may be considered the greatest victory of the Twentieth Century.

The political system which the Russian rulers had gradually created around the throne was the most cleverly artificial impertinence that ever turned up its nose at Nature. The best minds of the empire were employed to so elaborate that system that it would be so complicated, so clever, that no revolution, no agitation, no opposition would be able to crush it. But they could not foresee the complicated circumstances brought about by the war, which were to shatter the system and overthrow its supporters.

As though awaking from a ghastly nightmare, the Russian people are breathing freely after the unexpected sudden overthrow of the old regime. No other revolution has been made with so few sacrifices and horrors, within such a short time and with such complete success. If we take into consideration the fact that Russian territory covers one-sixth of the surface of the earth and has a population of 165,000,000, we must call the revolution a miracle. In the imagination of the average American, Russia was something Asiatic, something connected with the barbaric East, a wild country beyond the horizon. It was considered as lacking in culture and civilization, and as a menace to the west. Even for their neighbors, the Germans and the English, the Russians remained the apaches of Europe, wild tribes of the steppes.

But if the Russians were so barbaric, so wild and bloodthirsty, what explains, then, the marvelous revolution, and the kindness with which the new government is treating the overthrown tyrants and heads of the old system? If the Russian people are cruel savages, why do they behave toward their bitterest enemies so generously? And how are accounted for such great geniuses as Turgeneff, Dostoyevsky and Tolstoy, or Tchaikovsky, Moussorgsky, Mendeleeff and Metchnikoff? The

world has known tyrants like Pléhv, Trepoft, Orloff and Stolypin, or others like Rasputin. Protopopoff and many others, and forgets that Russia is the country of the greatest contrasts. The world has looked at Russia as a land of wide steppes, of frozen ground, hungry bears and desperate Cossacks, and forgets that this is the Russia of the autocratic system and next to it is a Russia of high civilization and the highest art.

One of the strange peculiarities of Russian life is that you will find the greatest contrasts everywhere. Here you will see the most luxurious castles, cathedrals, convents, villas and gardens; there you will find the most miserable huts of the moujiks and penal colonies of the exiled in Siberia. Here you will meet the most cruel official, the most corrupt bureaucrat or spy; there you face the noblest men and women, supermen, physically and mentally. You will find that all Russian life is full of such mental and physical contrasts.

The Russian homes are full of contrasting colors, bright red and yellow, white and blue. The Russian music is the most dramatic poetic art ever created; it reaches the deepest sorrow and the gayest hilarity and joy. Dreamy, romantic, imaginative, simple, hospitable and childlike as an average Russian moujik. Nowhere is there a hint of those qualities which are thrown up as dark shadows on the canvas of his horizon. This is the dualism that confronts the foreigners. While with one hand Russia has been conquering the world, with the other she has been creating the most magnificent masterpieces of humanity. In the same generation she produces a Pléhv and a Tolstoy, both in a way, true to national type.

The outside world is wondering how the Russian character will fit in with the aspirations of democracy. They cannot reconcile Russia the known with Russia the unknown, the Russia of pogroms and Cossacks with the Russia of municipal theatres, great artists, writers, musicians and lovers of humanity.

Even in the United States you will meet these double-natured Russians next to each other. Here you will see the corrupt chivornik, the narrow-minded official of the government, and there the great dreamer, the idealistic refugee or preacher of a reform or religion. We can see just now the officials of the old system using every imaginable method

for getting in again with the new government, anxious to play themselves up as the advocates of freedom and brotherhood, yet only a few weeks ago they fought any man, like myself, who dared to say a word against the old regime.

The Russian officials of the old regime did everything in this country to suppress the activity of those who tried to show that, besides the bureaucratic Russia, there was an intellectual Russia. I formed a Russian musical society with Miss Constance Purdy, Milla Lada and Mrs. Narodny, and we asked the official representatives of the old regime to take part in our venture. We were called terrorists, and a systematic agitation was started by the government's officials against our activity. My Russian art and musical articles in the American periodicals were declared the dangerous efforts of an agitator.

When, on February 1, 1908, I predicted that Russia would be a republic, or rather the United States of Russia in 1910, I made only a mistake of seven years. My prediction was, at that time, published in all the newspapers of the world; the New York American, giving special importance to my statement, was the only newspaper which foresaw the handwriting on the wall of the Czar's palaces. But the Russian papers, having given only short notices of my speech, interpreted it as a Utopian dream. As then, now I am voicing the democratic sentiments of the Russian people. Neither the persecution, nor the violent opposition of the supporters of the autocratic system mean anything to me.

I followed the voice of my intuition, the whispers of the Slavic race. Thus, in the popular American imagination, which invariably seizes upon a single point, three things stand out as representative of Russia: the Czar, the Cossacks and the Siberian penal system. The vast unknown spaces between these three have been filled in with the dark colors of oppression and corruption, so that a Russian is looked upon as an outcast of evolution, an exile of the ages.

The Russia of the dark powers is past; thus soon will pass the Russian spy, the Russian Cossack and the Russian chivornik, who have been the shame of the Slavic race.

Unfortunately, into the departments of the new Russian regime have gone men of whom the New York Idealistic Russian colony has not a high opinion, and others are feverishly

trying to get in, though in the past they have proved themselves to be the most fanatic supporters of the Black Hundred Ideals. But the old regime having gone, it will be difficult for such creatures to maintain their prestige. The blessings of the downfall of the autocracy soon will be evident.

One of the greatest benefits for the new Russia will be the full development of Russian natural resources, the opening of the vast natural riches of the country to the world. While there were large business transactions between this country and Germany, France, England, Spain, Italy and South America, Russia remained outside the pale of American commerce. In spite of the fact that Russia is four times the size of Europe, three times the size of the United States and forty-four times as large as England.

It is not strange at all that the United States, which is foremost in industrial development, is far behind other countries in the knowledge of principles which underlie international trade. This is due to the fact that American business men have been in the habit of transacting their export business almost entirely through European middlemen. The policy of America has been that of watchful waiting for orders from the English, the Germans, the Hollanders and merchants of other nations.

Russia figured, and continues to figure to the average American merchant, as a country equal to Mexico or the South American republics. This is a pity. Knowing Russia as I do, I can say that whatever may happen to the nations engaged in the present war—France may be exhausted, Germany and Austria overrun, and the British Empire may be broken up—between Russia and her conquest still lie those impenetrable spaces where the armies of Napoleon and Jenghis Khan lie buried, the armies that the world has not forgotten.

Not only has Russia her peculiar racial civilization, her unique art and literature, and national traditions, but she has riches of which the outside world knows little, and riches that are still buried.

Prospective of an old-fashioned political system, of all the corruption and inefficiency of the past, the per capita state expense of Russia is the lowest in Europe. In 1913 it was \$19.5, while in Germany it was \$63.3; in France, \$52.6; in Great Britain, \$40. The receipts of Russian national revenue in 1913 amounted to 3,600,000,000 roubles, equal to one-half that amount in dollars. The deposits in Russian

banks increased from 2,500,000,000 roubles in 1904 to 6,000,000,000 roubles in 1913, and to 10,000,000,000 roubles in 1917. In spite of the Japanese War and the revolution, the gold reserve in the treasury of the State Bank increased from 1,100,000,000 roubles to 2,200,000,000 roubles in 1913. The per capita debt of Russia in 1913 was \$22; of France, \$208; of Great Britain, \$179.

Not less interesting than the Russian financial standing are her young industry and commerce. The first surprising thing that strikes an American business man in Russian life is the immense agriculture of the country, in which she surpasses even the United States. A comparative table of the products of four cereals in the United States and Russia in 1913 shows:

	Russia, 1913.	United States, 1913.
Wheat	965,800,000	763,880,000
Oats	1,222,876,000	1,121,785,000
Barley	582,800,000	178,189,000
Rye	999,514,000	41,851,000

The greatest drawback of Russian economic life has been the corrupt old political system and the lack of proper railroads, roads and general traffic facilities. The length of Russian railroads in 1913 was only 64,000 miles, which was inadequate to take care of the rapidly developing commerce of the country. The Russian natural riches have been exploited as far only in a rather limited way. Most of her wealth in the Ural, Caucasus, Altai and Yablonova mountains remained untouched.

Mr. G. Vermeire, who made a careful study of Russian mineral wealth, said that the riches of the Ural region alone would pay all the national debt of Russia in ten years of efficient exploitation. For at least a generation to come the Russian market will offer every opportunity for American business.

The old system having gone, Russia is free for exploitation by any one. For some time to come neither Germany nor France will be able to go into Russia, for even if the war does not last long, its havoc will take years to repair. Endless readjustments will have to take place in each country affected by the war. A similar revolution to that which has taken place in Russia will happen in the immediate future in Austria and Germany. Here is where America's wonderful opportunities lie, and if she is prepared for it she can more than triple her foreign trade within a period of a few years, even when the ammunition orders stop.

thias Erzberger, leader of the clerical center party, Count von Westphalen, the conservative leader, and Dr. Gustave Stresemann, national liberal leader. The socialists protested strongly against this postponement.

In the course of the debate regarding Germany's war aims the socialist leader, George Ledebour, referred to the reports that Alsace-Lorraine would be divided between Prussia and Bavaria. He declared that the answer to such an intention would be proclamation of a German republic.

Try NEWS-TIMES Want Ads

HOUSE AGREES TO RAISE PAY ENLISTED MEN

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The conference report on the war army bill was adopted by the house today after a record vote late Wednesday, after Rep. Dent had announced that the senate conference had agreed to the house provision increasing the pay of enlisted men. Final action must be taken by the senate.

The section regarding pay as agreed to by the conferees provides that all officers and enlisted men of the forces to be raised by conscription shall have the same pay, allowances and pensions as the regular army, and makes these increases in the pay of enlisted regulars:

Those receiving \$15 to \$21 per month, an increase of \$15 per month; those receiving \$24, an increase of \$12; those receiving \$30, \$36 or \$40, an increase of \$8; and those receiving \$45 or more, an increase of \$6.

Seeks Quick Action.

The senate is expected to accept the conference report Thursday or Friday and then it will go to the president. Sen. Chamberlain, chairman of the senate conferees, said he had yielded on the army pay increase only in a desire to hasten final enactment, the insistence of the house being so stubborn that continuation of the fight would greatly postpone raising the new army. The senate had voted a smaller increase.

Sen. Chamberlain said an effort might be expected when the report is brought up in the senate to reduce the maximum conscription age of 30 years, insisted upon by the house and agreed to by the conferees. In the pay increase section and the Roosevelt volunteer amendment may also encounter renewed objection.

Try NEWS-TIMES Want Ads

Speedoline

Used as directed in your automobile or motorcycle is your only protection against high cost of gasoline, low mileage, carbon and all motor troubles. One ounce Speedoline added to five gallons of gasoline saves you 1 to 2 gallons of gasoline. Each five cent investment saves you 20 to 40 cents without work. A trial will convince you.

For sale at the following druggists: Otto C. Bastian, Ralph H. Kuss, E. A. Schiffer.

The Haeske Sales Co.

Beatty Rejoices At Arrival of American Fleet

LONDON, May 17.—Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the British grand fleet, has sent the following message to Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander of the United States Atlantic fleet:

"The grand fleet rejoices that the Atlantic fleet will now share in preserving the liberties of the world and maintaining the chivalry of the sea."

Admiral Mayo replied: "The United States Atlantic fleet appreciates the message from the British fleet and welcomes opportunities for work with the British fleet for the freedom of the seas."

CROPS MAKING MORE PROGRESS SAYS BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, May 17.—More seasonable weather conditions during the week just ended caused to make excellent progress in the western half of the country, but in eastern districts extreme cold was decidedly unfavorable.

The national weather and crop bulletin Wednesday said cotton and corn and some garden truck were not only retarded but considerably damaged by the continued cold weather. The week was more favorable for farm work however, and good progress was made in all sections. There are many reports of increased acreage of food crops, although the necessity of replanting and the lack of labor will reduce the intended increase somewhat.

Winter wheat generally is making good growth, except in Oklahoma. Corn is being planted on much of the abandoned winter wheat acreage in Nebraska. Spring wheat is making excellent growth in the southern and central states of the belt and on the Pacific coast. Cool weather in central and eastern districts was unfavorable for corn and in places much will need to be replanted.

In the southern states cotton was unfavorably affected and corn made slow growth.

There are many reports of increased acreage for potatoes.

Farmers Trust Co.
Main and Jefferson Bldg.
Accepts deposits, pays 4 percent interest on savings accounts, loans money, writes insurance and surety bonds of all kinds, takes charge of and handles real estate, makes investments, acts as guardian, administrator, receiver, trustee or agent. Safety deposit boxes for rent.

Bank it. Save it. 4%

UNITED STATES LOANS RUSSIA \$100,000,000

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The United States Wednesday loaned Russia \$100,000,000. The money was loaned, to be spent

as needed, without stipulation or understanding of any sort, further than Russia stands back of the obligation, will make it good and will spend the money in this country under the supervision of a representative of the treasury department or a commission to be named by the American government.

REICHSTAG POSTPONES ALSATIAN PROBLEM

AMSTERDAM (via London), May 17.—Discussion of the question of Alsace in the reichstag was postponed on the proposal of Dr. Ma-

thias Erzberger, leader of the clerical center party, Count von Westphalen, the conservative leader, and Dr. Gustave Stresemann, national liberal leader. The socialists protested strongly against this postponement.

In the course of the debate regarding Germany's war aims the socialist leader, George Ledebour, referred to the reports that Alsace-Lorraine would be divided between Prussia and Bavaria. He declared that the answer to such an intention would be proclamation of a German republic.

CUT RATE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK Bastian's Big Cut Rate Drug Store

Matchless Drug Bargains. We always lead, never follow. Take advantage of this great sale and make every dollar bring its fullest value by securing the very best goods at lower prices than they are offered elsewhere. Notwithstanding the continued increase in the cost of high-grade drugs, we are selling drugs of the highest quality at deeply cut prices. We cut prices all the time, but Friday and Saturday, May the 18th and 19th, we make extraordinary buying opportunity.

Armour's Grape Juice, quarts 34c, and pints 17c	Hind's Almond Cream, 50c size at 34c	Odorono, 50c size at 34c	Tonsline, 25c size at 17c
Aromatic Cascara Sagrada, 3 oz., 25c, at 19c	Hill's Cascara Bromide Quinine, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Woodbury Soap, 25c size at 19c
Allen's Footcase, 25c at 17c	Hobson's Eucalypti Ointment, 50c size at 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Woodbury Face Powder, 25c at 19c
Baume Amalgamique, 50c size 37c	Hinkle Pills, 100 in a bottle 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	West Abdon Water, 25c size at 23c
Bucklin's Arnica Salve, 25c at 17c	Hughes Improved Ideal Double Black Bristle Hair Brush, \$1.25 at 80c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Wendell's Anodyne Pills, 50c size at 34c
Beef, Iron and Wine, full pints, 50c	Icelandic, 50c size at 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	White Liniment, 25c size at 17c
Black Flag, 25c size 17c	Juvenile Soap, 15c a cake, 3 cakes in a box (special) 22c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Will's and Richardson Butter Color, 25c size at 17c
Bell's Honey and Tar Syrup, 50c at 34c	Johnson & Johnson's Kidney Plaster, 25c size 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' Shaving Stick, 25c at 17c
Bell's Cough Syrup, 25c size at 17c	Johnson's Floor Wax, 50c size 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' Shaving Cream, 25c at 17c
Bromo Seltzer, \$1.00 size at 59c	Johnson's Kidney Plaster, 25c size 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' Shaving Powder, 25c at 17c
Bluejay Corn Plasters, 25c size at 17c	King's New Discovery, 50c size 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 50c size at 34c
Betel Oil, \$1.00 size at 67c	King's New Life Pills, 25c size 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Brilliantine, 25c size at 17c	Kodol, Liquid or Tablets, \$1.00 size 59c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Biss Native Herbs, \$1.00 size 67c	Kodol, Liquid or Tablets, 50c size 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Bastian's Mentholated Lozenges, 3 boxes 10c	Kondon's Cat. Jelly, 25c at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Castoria (Fletcher's) 25c 22c	Koenig's Nerve Tonic, \$1.00 at 67c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Clinical Thermometers (certified) 25c 22c	K-L-V Lubricating Jelly, 25c at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Cathartex, 50c size 34c	Liquid Veneer, 50c at 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Creoline, \$1.00 size 17c	Liquid Veneer, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Capoline, 25c size 17c	Line Stone Phosphate, 35c at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Calox Tooth Powder, 25c size 17c	Lapacite Pills, 100 in bottle, 50c at 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Cuticura Soap 19c	Lysol, \$1.00 size 67c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Chamberlain's Cough Syrup, 50c size 34c	Liver Lax, Tablets, 25c size 10c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Colchic Sal, \$1.00 size 79c	Milkweed Cream, \$1.00 at 67c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Chewbac Gum, 3 packages for 10c	Milkweed Cream, 50c size 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Cucumber Cream (Liquid), 25c size 17c	Mentholatum, 50c size at 34c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Creoline, \$1.00 size 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
DeWitt's Kidney Pills, \$1.00 size 59c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
DeWitt's Kidney Pills, 50c size 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Dandraine, 50c size at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Drake Crop Remedy, 25c size 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Duffy's Malt, \$1.00 size 79c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Djerikiss Toilet Powder 45c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
De Lux Van Cream 50c at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
De Lux Rouge, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Ely's Cream Balm, 50c at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Etonic, 50c at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Electric Oil (Thomas'), 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Ex Lax, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Eckman Alternative, \$2.00 at \$1.59	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Eckman Alternative, \$1.00 at 69c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Phosphoric Soda (Lift), 50c size at 25c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Fellows Syrup (Hypo), \$1.50 size at \$1.19	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Freeman's Powder, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Freezone, 35c at 27c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Foley's Syrup, 50c at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Formant Tablets, 50c size at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Glycothymoline, 50c size 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Glycothymoline, 25c size 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Gude's Pepto-Mangan, \$1.25 size at \$1.19	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Gets It Corn Remedy, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Glover's Mange Cure, 50c size at 34c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Hurto Liniment, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c
Hand's Teething Lotion, 25c at 17c	Mentholatum, 25c size at 17c	Odorono, 25c size at 17c	Williams' English Violet, 25c size at 17c

Bastian's Big Cut Rate Drug Store
209 S. Michigan Street.